#FORM No. 10 300 (Rev. 10 74) THEME 8 - CONTEMPLATIVE SOCIETY,8a - Literature, Drama, Music
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FOR MPS USE ONLY

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

	TYPE ALL ENTRIES (COMPLETE APPLICAB	LE SECTIONS	
NAME		•		
нізтоніс				
Robert	S. Abbott House			
AND UR COMMON				
Robert	S. Abbott House			
LOCATION	1			
STREET & NUMBER				
4742 N	Nartin Luther King Drive	•	_NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN		- 	CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Chicag	<u> </u>	VICINITY OF	<u>Five</u>	
STATE Illinois		17	COUNTY Cook	CODE 031
CLASSIFIC				
	221014			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
_ DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X.BUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BQTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATIO
		X.no	MILITARY	X OTHER: Apartment RI
OWNER O	FPROPERTY			
Ms. Rosetta l	Robinson			
STREET & NUMBER				
7300 S. Calu	met			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Chicago		VICINITY OF	Illinois é	0619
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC. Recorder of Deeds	(Doc. #9322814, E	Book 2291, Page 314)
STREET & NUMBER	Cook County Court			·
CITY. TOWN	······································	······································	STATE	
	Chicago		Illinois	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
	None Known			
DATE		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS		revenal _	LOCAL	
CITY, TOWN			STATE	



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

X_DETERIORATED

_UNEXPOSED

....UNALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE

__GOOD __FAIR _RUINS

X.ALTERED

_MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Robert S. Abbott House is an architectural reminder of a by-gone era of sumptuous living on Chicago's South Side. Located on King Drive, formerly known as South Parkway and Grand Boulevard, it lies in the heart of the city's black belt. A community known for its stately mansions and grand lifestyle, the area no longer ranks as the mecca of black opulence. Today, the Abbott House is but a shell of its former elegance and has been converted into a rooming house.

Its style is reminiscent of England's Queen Anne architecture with traces of Neo-Classicism, which was prevalent in this country around the turn of the century. Built originally as a duplex unit consisting of two similar townhouses, the Abbott House is but one-half of the duplex, although its treatment and side yard amenities indicate that it was the dominant of the two units.

Its exposure is to the east, south and west, with the north wall shared in common with the adjoining unit. The eastern facade faces the boulevard, and thusly, this facade was treated rather formally with ample, delicately balanced window fenestrations. The first floor windows are spanned by a flat limestone arch or architrave, which articulates the window openings, as well as accentuates the horizontal aspects of the facade. Between the windows are stunted engaged lonic columns of limestone, with decorative spiral volute capitals of the Greek-Aegean order. The second and third floor windows repeat the horizontal motif with the added exception of a half wheel (rose) window adorning the top.

The south facade's primary feature is a decorative portico. The landing is defined by a simple limestone railing, punctuated by masonry piers atop which rest two unfluted, free-standing Doric columns. These six columns (three pair) support the limestone entablature without frieze. Atop the entablature is another stone rail delineating a second floor porch.

The roof lines depict a rather severe gable roof with a raised stone parapet. Penetrating the roof at various points are handsomely grouped masonry chimmeys and dormers, reminiscent of the Queen Anne period.

To the rear of the building is a former coach house, built in the same style as the main building. It too has the high Dutch gable roof with raised parapets. A rather poorly executed rear porch has been added to the west elevation of the house, detracting from its once grand appearance.

On the interior, the treatment exhibited to the facade is carried through with ornately carved oak pilasters and exposed beams which frame the principal rooms. The main staircase is also done in a similar manner, displaying a grandeur of a by-gone era.

(continued)



Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ON	LY
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

	Robert S. Abbott					
CONTINUATION SHEET	House	ITEM NUMBER	7	PAGE	TWO	

The Abbott House in its original condition, exhibited a sensitive masonry treatment, unlike that found in today's construction. Although the brickwork is in need of tuckpointing and cleaning, it still radiates a carefully delineated composition representative of its era. The house with its massing of volumes, its symmetry, handsome brickwork, dormers, and its Dutch gable roof is representative of Queen Anne architecture in Chicago. Its departure to Greek Neo-Classicism elements is typical of the vernacular residential architecture of its day.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	_ ECONOMICS	X_LITERATURE	_ SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X 1900	_ COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY INVENTION	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	× other (specify) Afro-American History
	Robert S. Abbott (18	70-1940)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

SPECIFIC DATES Robert S. Abbott (1870–1940)
Residency (1926–1940)

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

Not Known

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

In the opening decades of this century, Robert Sengstacke Abbott created and led the Chicago Defender to a position of national importance in the lives of black people, North and South. Under Abbott the Defender was a beacon of hope for tens-of-thousands of blacks pushed beyond endurance by the virulent racism of the Deep South. According to the great sociologist, E. Franklin Frazier, "The Defender more than any other Negro newspaper was responsible for stimulating the northward migration of Negroes by picturing the advantages of the North as opposed to southern oppression." In articles and editorials, Abbott encouraged southern blacks to seek a haven in the northern cities, particularly Chicago.

For the first time in the history of the black press, the masses came to feel that the <u>Defender</u> indeed was their newspaper, printed with them in mind. The headlines of the <u>Defender</u> were designed to attract the eyes, touch the hearts and move the pocketbooks of the black masses.

BIOGRAPHY

Robert Sengstacke Abbott was born in 1870 on St. Simon Island, off the coast of Georgia. He was educated at Beach Institute in Savannah, Clafin University in South Carolina, and Hampton Institute in Virginia where he learned the printer's trade. In 1896 he migrated to Chicago where he studied law at Kent School of Law but was unable to earn a living as a lawyer. Abbott conceived of the idea of a newspaper while working in a printing house in the City of Chicago. The first page handbill-size copies of the Defender were peddled from door-to-door by its optimistic founder in 1905. Virtually every barbershop, beauty parlor, drugstore, church and poolroom became an outlet for this brash newspaper. From these lowly origins, the Defender expanded to become a household name in black America. Robert S. Abbott soon moved in very high financial and business circles in Chicago. The Defender became a business showplace. Abbott himself was soon quite well-to-do within two decades.

Unlike the circumspectly prime North Star edited by Frederick Douglass, or the New York Age edited by T. Thomas Fortune, the Defender under Abbott deliberately published the shocking, the scandalous and the unflattering. This approach, said a leading student of the history of black Chicago, "was destined to revolutionize Negro journalism."²

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

	Robert S. Abbott				
CONTINUATION SHEET	House	ITEM NUMBER	8	PAGE	TWO

When the migration of southern blacks peaked, the Defender turned its attention to the social and political status of blacks in the North. Abbott lashed out against racism and discrimination in Chicago. The Defender reported outrages against blacks in other parts of the country. Abbott was committed to making the public life of the nation color-blind. He once wrote, "I want to think and do think I am a citizen of the United States and the flag that covers the head of the white man is the flag that covers and protects the head of the Negro." From time-to-time the Defender reported on manifestations of racism abroad, including a widely-read series involving the travels of Abbott himself. The main thrust of the Defender, however, was on the home front. This newspaper was the twentieth century pioneer in the publication of articles dealing with black personal deportment and conduct, but it also occasionally issued calls for cultural uplife and social refinement. However, the overall mission of the Defender was, and still is, the defense of the race against racism. Then, as now, the pages of the Defender tended "to set the tone and provide the rhetoric of public discussion of issues."

As a business entrepreneur, Abbott became the most successful black publisher of his era. From a one-man kitchen table operation in 1905, the <u>Defender evolved</u> into a three-story building with its own printing press, a production staff of three-score employees and a circulation of over a quarter million copies weekly by 1929. The readership of the <u>Defender</u> was primarily beyond the city of Chicago, with the local black population taking up only about 40,000 of the newspapers sold. Accordingly, the <u>Defender</u> had both a local and a national focus.

At the beginning of the Depression, Abbott "was drawing \$2,000 as a weekly salary," plus regular bonuses. He had nearly a half million dollars in cash. He lived in a palatial home at 4742 South Parkway Avenue (now Martin Luther King Drive), an extant edifice which he purchased for the then huge sum of \$24,000 on June 28, 1926. While undergoing marital difficulties in 1934, Mr. Abbott sold this residence to the Robert S. Abbott Publishing Company on the 24th day of January of that year. Thus, this building became a part of the legal structure of the Defender itself, remaining in the general estate until 1944.

Perhaps more durable than the old Abbott residence is the <u>Defender</u> itself which currently has a Chicago circulation of 31,384 but is the senior partner in a chain of newspapers that includes the <u>Michigan Chronicle</u> (circulation 47,843), the <u>New Pittsburg Courier</u> (circulation 35,376), and the <u>New National Courier</u> with Georgia, Florida, Ohio and <u>Michigan</u> (Detroit) editions, and the <u>Tri-State Defender</u>. Known as the Sengstacke Newspapers, the elongated branches of the old Chicago Defender boast a full-time staff of over 200 persons.

Form No 10-300a (Rev 10-74)

CONTINUATION SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

House

Robert S. Abbott					
House	ITEM NUMBER	8	PAGE	THREE	

Robert S. Abbott died February 29, 1940, but not until after having groomed his nephew, the current captain of this team of newspapers, John H. Sengstacke, for the leading role. In the words of Gunner Myrdal, author of the monumental work An American Dilemma, Abbott was:

> The greatest single force in Negro journalism, and indeed the founder of the modern Negro press. The publisher's newspaper contemporaries as well have acknowledged his significant role in the development of Negro newspapers.⁵

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Robert S. Abbott

CONTINUATION SHEET

House

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE FOUR (reference notes)

- 1. E. Franklin Frazier, The Negro in the United States (New York: The Macmillan Co., 1957), p. 510.
- 2. Allan H. Spear, Black Chicago: The Making of a Negro Ghetto, 1890–1920 (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1967), p. 401.
- 3. Roi Ottley, The Lonely Warrior: The Life and Times of Robert S. Abbott, Founder of the Chicago Defender Newspaper (Chicago: Henry Regnery Company, 1955), p. 207.
- 4. James Q. Wilson, Negro Politics, The Search of Leadership (Chicago: The Free Press, 1960), p. 121.
- 5. Chicago Defender, May 5, 1975, vol. LXXI, No. 1., p. 56.

Chicago Defender, I	May 5, 1975, vol. LXXI,	No. 1.	
Orake, St. Clair and (continued)	Horace Cayton, Black A	Metropolis: A Study of N	egro Life in a Northern
UTM REFERENCES	CAL DATA D PROPERTY Less than ten ac 6,5,0] [4,418,812,0,0]	eres	
ZONE EASTING C VERBAL BOUNDAR	NORTHING	ZONE EASTING	NORTHING
(SEE CONTIN	IUATION SHEET)		
LIST ALL STAT	ES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR	COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
NAME/TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave	ARED BY es, Historical Projects Dis	rector	DATE
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice		June	30, 1976
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER	es, Historical Projects Div	June	
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V	es, Historical Projects Div	June (202)	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington	es, Historical Projects Div ntennial Corporation V., Suite 103	June (202) D. C	30, 1976 relephone 462-2519 state
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO	es, Historical Projects Dir ntennial Corporation V., Suite 103	June (202) D. C. ON OFFICER CERTI	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 FICATION
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO	es, Historical Projects Dis ntennial Corporation V., Suite 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	June (202) D.C. DN OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS:
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO NATIONA	es, Historical Projects Diversity Note 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE COLUMN	June (202) D.C. DN OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE ATE	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS: DCAL
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO NATIONA As the designated State hereby nominate this pro- criteria and procedures s	es, Historical Projects Dientennial Corporation V., Suite 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF STANDARD PRESERVATION Officer for the operty for inclusion in the National et forth by the National Park Service	June (202) D. C. D. OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE ATE O National Historic Preservation Act I Register and certify that it has	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS: DCAL St of 1966 (Public Law 89-665).
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO NATIONA As the designated State hereby nominate this pro-	es, Historical Projects Dientennial Corporation V., Suite 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF STANDARD PRESERVATION Officer for the operty for inclusion in the National et forth by the National Park Service	June (202) D. C. D. OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE ATE O National Historic Preservation Act I Register and certify that it has	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS: DCAL It of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), been evaluated according to the
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO NATIONA As the designated State hereby nominate this procedures services.	es, Historical Projects Dientennial Corporation V., Suite 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF STANDARD PRESERVATION Officer for the operty for inclusion in the National et forth by the National Park Service	June (202) D. C. D. OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE ATE O National Historic Preservation Act I Register and certify that it has	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS: DCAL St of 1966 (Public Law 89-665).
Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HIST NATIONA As the designated State hereby nominate this procriteria and procedures s FEDERAL REPRESENTAT TITLE	es, Historical Projects Dientennial Corporation V., Suite 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF STANDARD PRESERVATION Officer for the operty for inclusion in the National et forth by the National Park Service	June (202) D. C. DN OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE ATE I National Historic Preservation Act I Register and certify that it has is.	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS: DCAL St of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). been evaluated according to the
NAME / TITLE Lynne Gomez-Grave ORGANIZATION Afro-American Bice STREET & NUMBER 1420 N Street, N.V CITY OR TOWN Washington 12 STATE HISTO NATIONA As the designated State hereby nominate this procedures series and p	es, Historical Projects Dientennial Corporation V., Suite 103 ORIC PRESERVATION HE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF STANDARD PRESERVATION Officer for the operty for inclusion in the National et forth by the National Park Service IVE SIGNATURE	June (202) D. C. DN OFFICER CERTI OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE ATE I National Historic Preservation Act I Register and certify that it has is.	30, 1976 FELEPHONE 462-2519 STATE FICATION STATE IS: DCAL It of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), been evaluated according to the

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NP	S USE ONLY
RECEIV	ED
DATE E	NTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

	Robert S. Abbott			
CONTINUATION SHEET	House	ITEM NUMBER	9	PAGE TWO

City, Vol. II. New York: Harcourt, Brace and World, 1970 edition.

Frazier, E. Franklin, The Negro in the United States. New York: Macmillan Co., 1957.

Ottley, Roi, The Lonely Warrior: The Life and Times of Robert S. Abbott, Founder of the Chicago Defender Newspaper. Chicago: Henry Regnery Co., 1955.

Sengstack Newspapers, Communicators to Black America. Chicago, Illinois.

Spear, Allan H., Black Chicago: The Making of a Negro Ghetto, 1890–1920. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1967.

Wilson, James Q., Negro Politics: The Search for Leadership. Chicago: The Free Press, 1960.

INTERVIEW

Dr. Russell Adams, Howard University with John H. Sengstacke, on March 25, 1976 in the Defender offices at 2400 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60616.

Form No. 10-300a - (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Robert S. Abbott
CONTINUATION SHEET House

ITEM NUMBER 10

PAGE TWO

The Robert S. Abbott House, 4742 South Martin Luther King Drive, bears the following legal description: South Forty-five (45) Feet of Lot Ten (10) and the North Ten (10) Feet of Lot Eleven (11) in the subdivisions of the East 315 Feet of the North East Quarter of the North East Quarter of Section Ten (10), Township Thirty-Eight (38) North, Range Fourteen (14), East of the principal Meridian.

and

Lot Seven (7) and Lot Eight (8) in Block Two (2) in the Subdivision of the South Half (S1/2) of the South West Quarter (SW1/4) of the North East Quarter (NE1/4) of the North East (NE) of Section Ten (10), Township Thirty-Eight (38) North, Range Fourteen (14) East of the principal Meridian, both in Cook County, State of Illinois.

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 30-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Robert S. Abbott

CONTINUATION SHEET House

ITEM NUMBER 11

PAGETwo (Reasearchers)

Dr. Russell Adams
Department of Afro-American Studies
Howard University
Washington, D.C.



Robert S. Abbott House, Chicago, Ill. Vernon Williams for the ABC 1976